

# **High Solids MFC using a Plate and Frame Press**

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# Plate and Frame Press

800 mm W.M. Watermark



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800 mm W.M. Watermark

**Pressed cake from MFC  
produced from  
unbleached softwood  
kraft pulp**



# MFC Pressing Study

## Basic Test Conditions

### MFC

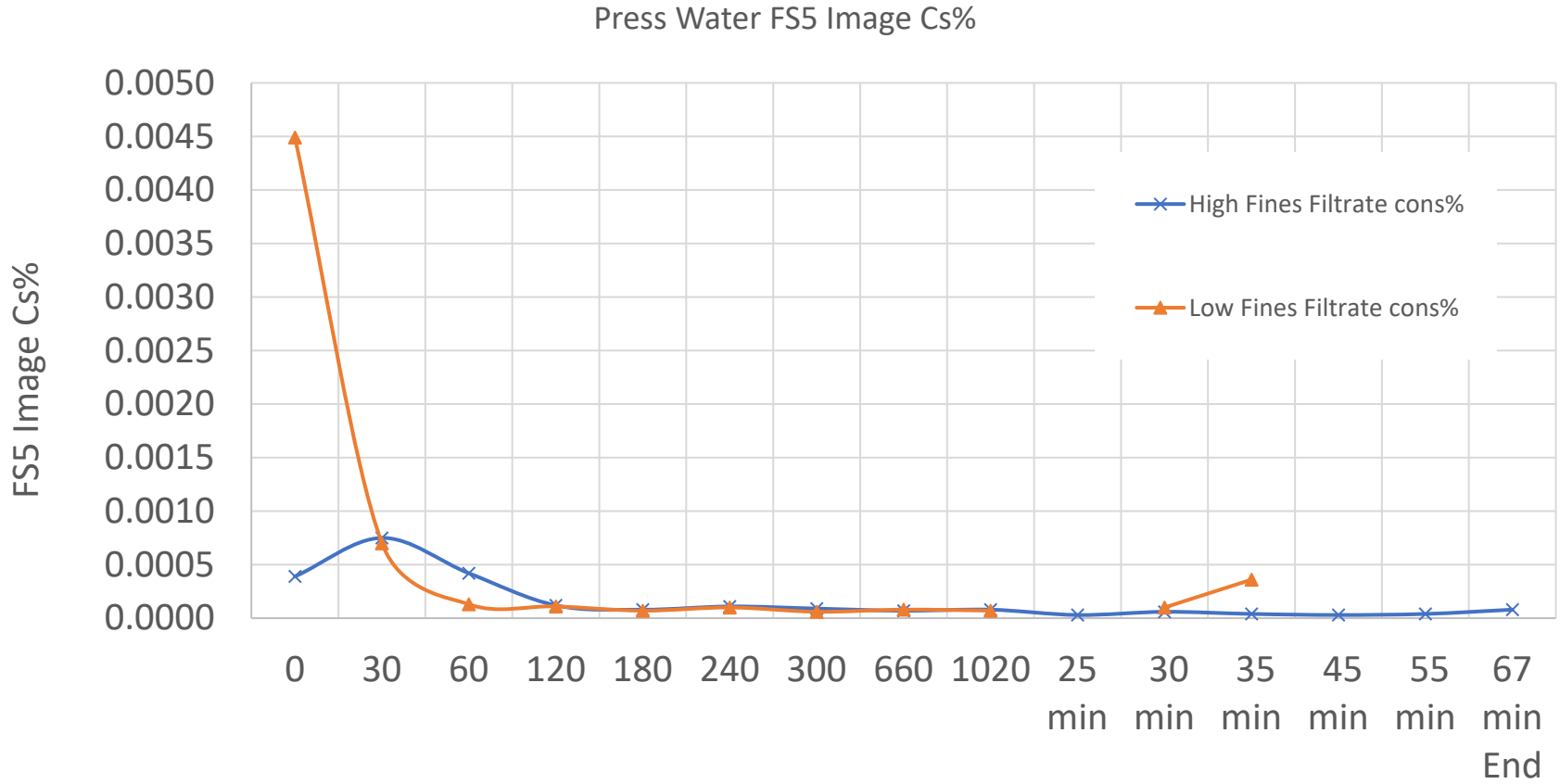
- Bleached SW (SCA ECF 90 Pure Pulp)
- Two different fines level pulp pressed:
  - Low Fines - Morfi 62.6% / FS5 79.32%
  - High Fines - Morfi 88.2% / FS5 88.31%

### Sampling

- Filtrate during the press was collected along with cake samples covering the width of the cake in 6 positions
- Press time was determined by the press and when it remained constant for 1 minute, the pump stopped.

# MFC Pressing Study

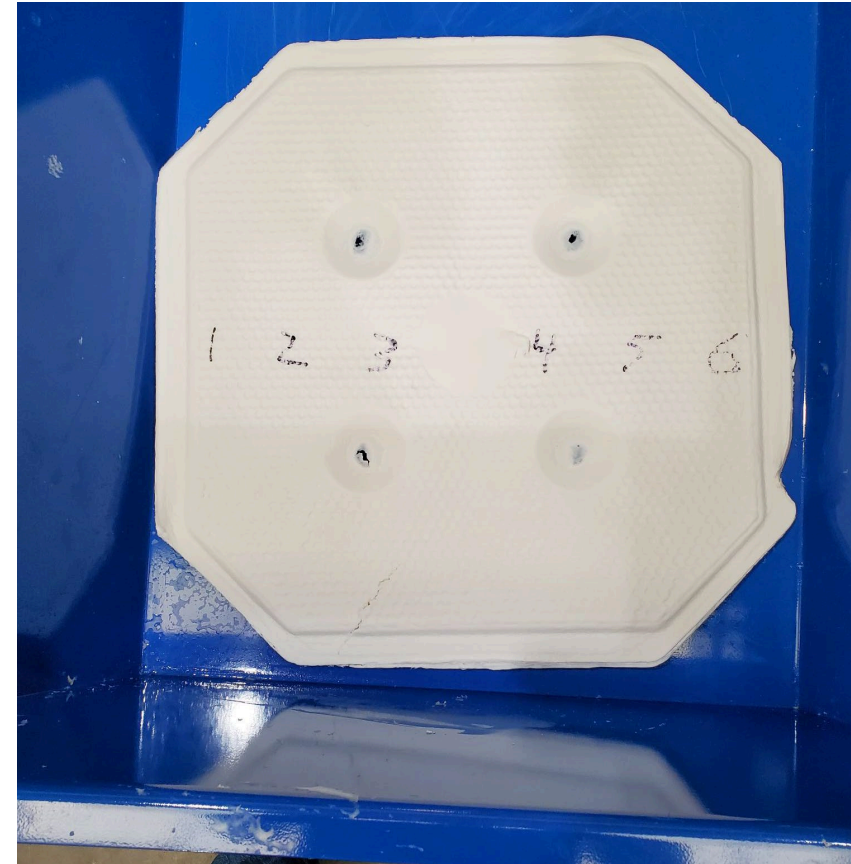
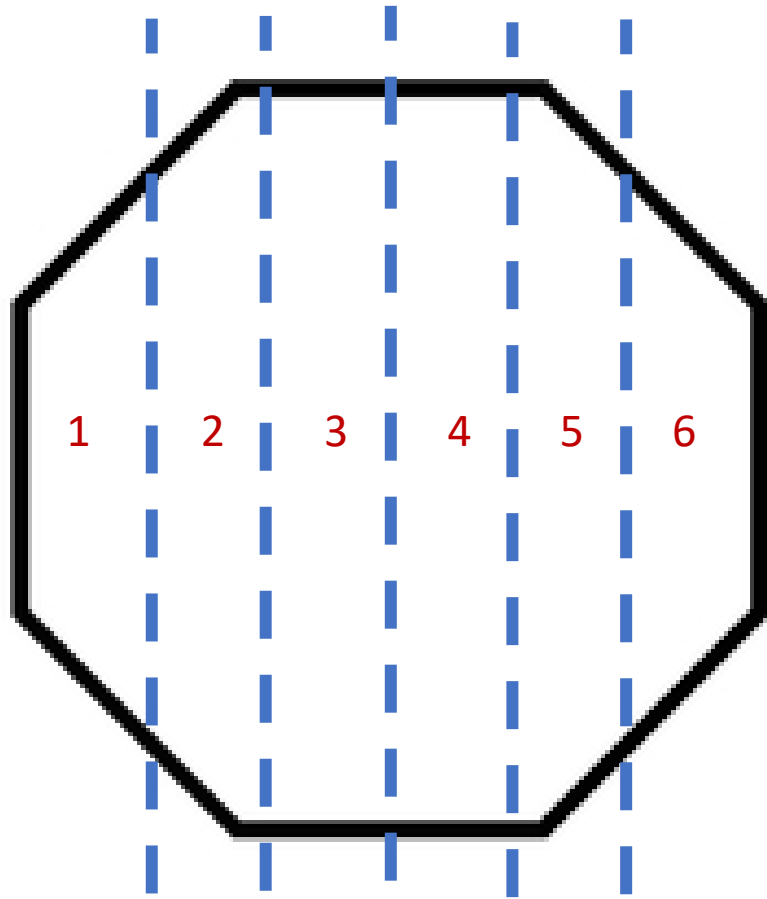
## Filtrate Solids



- Filtrate solids were so small they could only be measured using the FS5.
- Low fines gave a much faster press.
- Both filtrates were very clear with little to no MFC loss that could be detected.

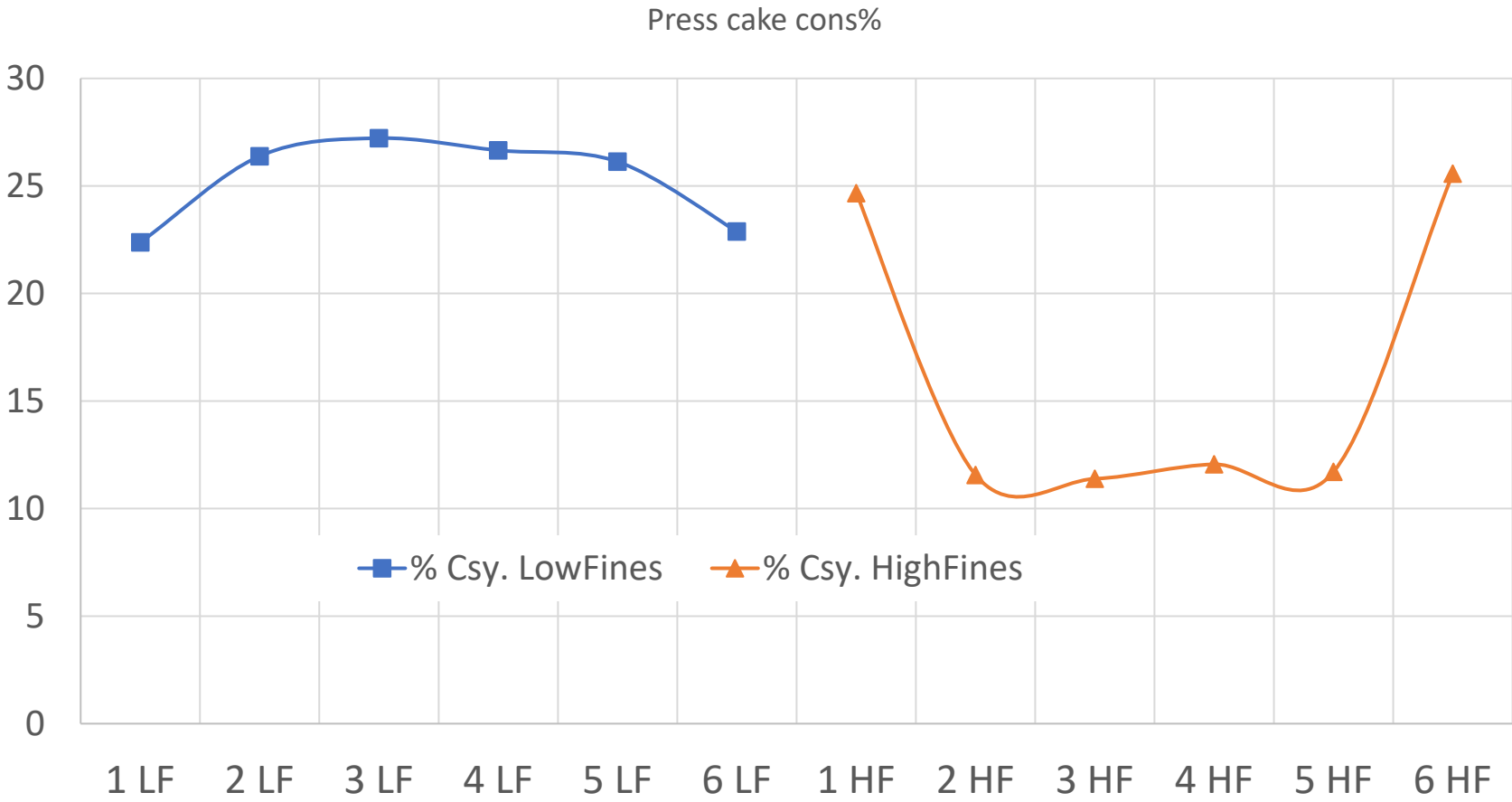
# MFC Pressing Study

Cake Solids



# MFC Pressing Study

## Cake Solids



**LOW FINES:**

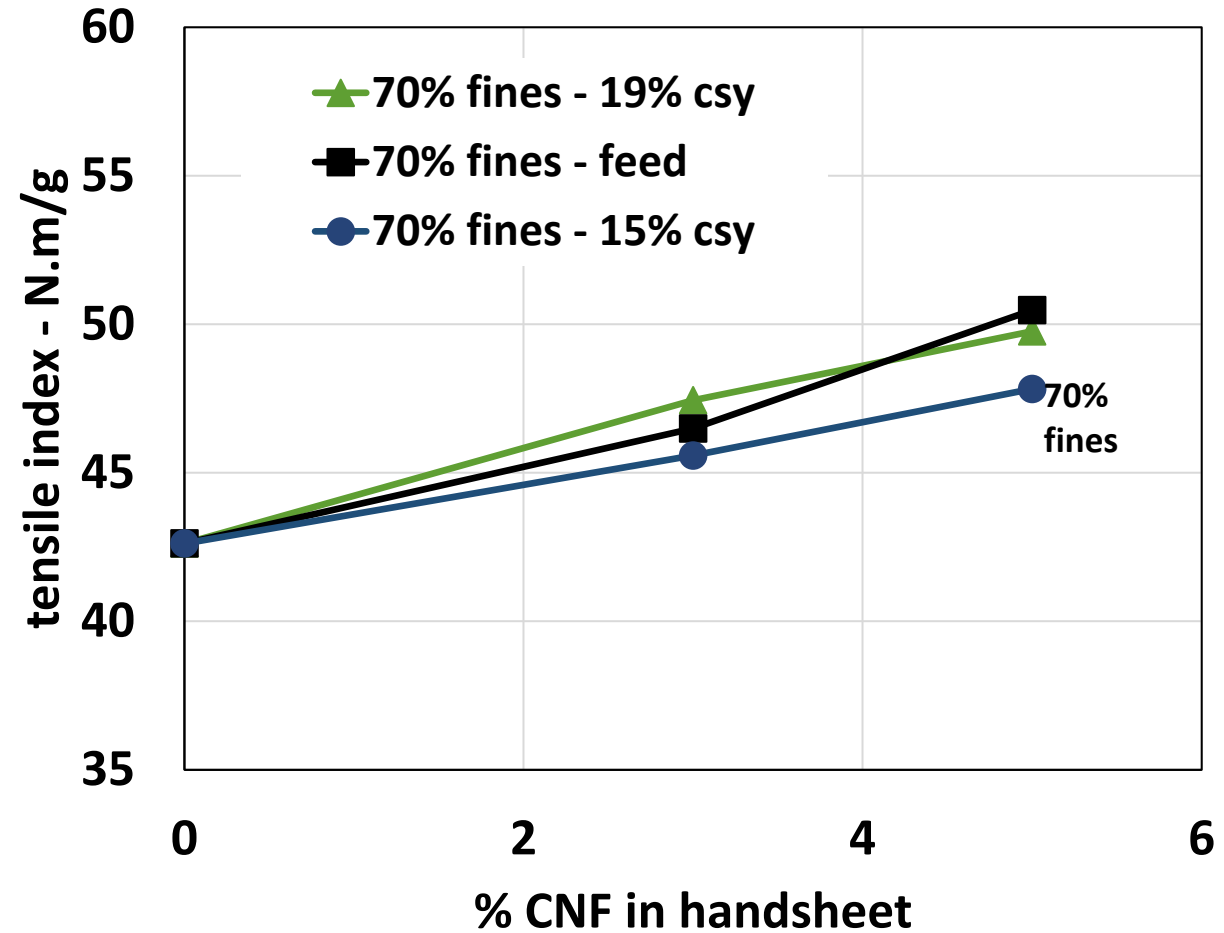
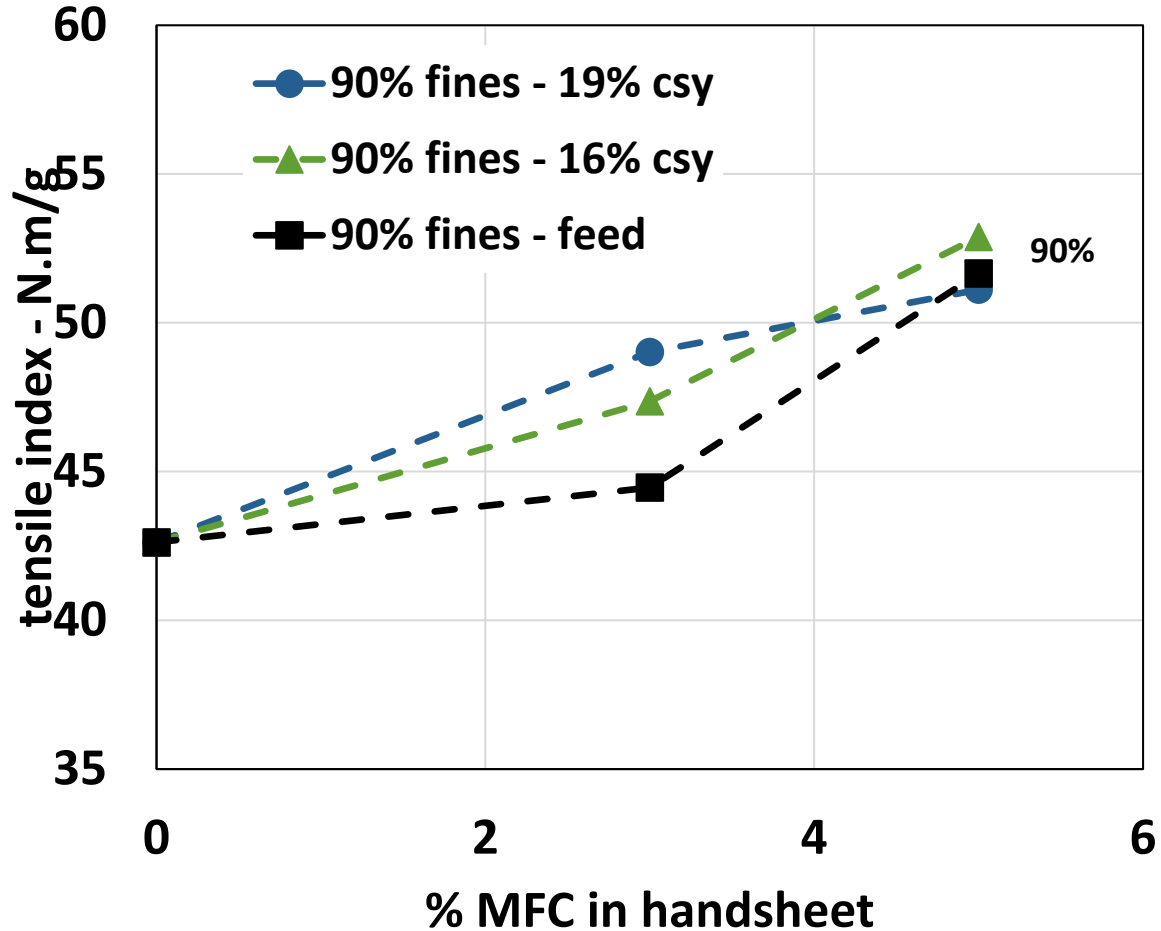
- Higher overall cake consistency
- Produced a nice solid cake.

**HIGH FINES**

- Much softer in the center with variability across the cake.

# Impact on Performance

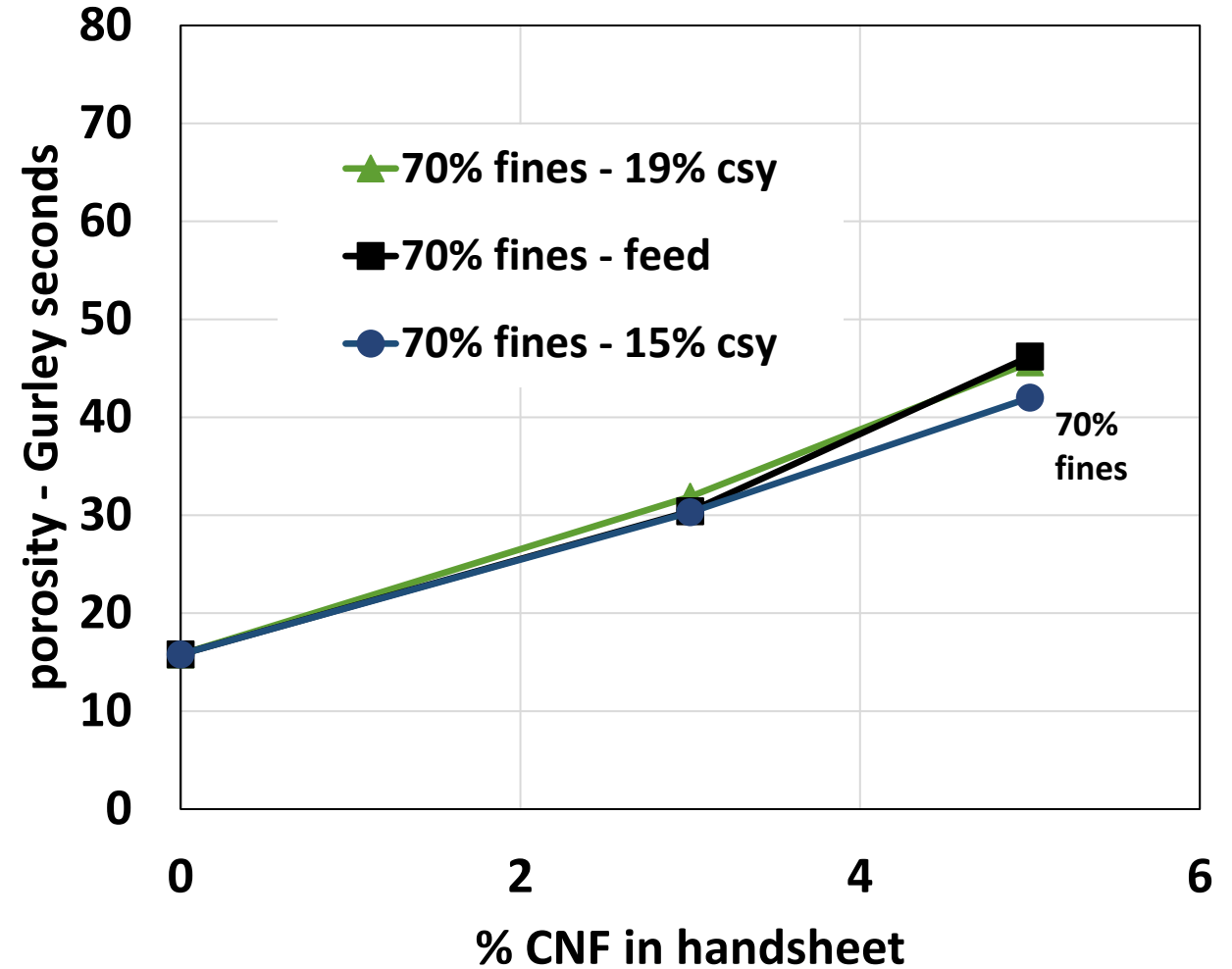
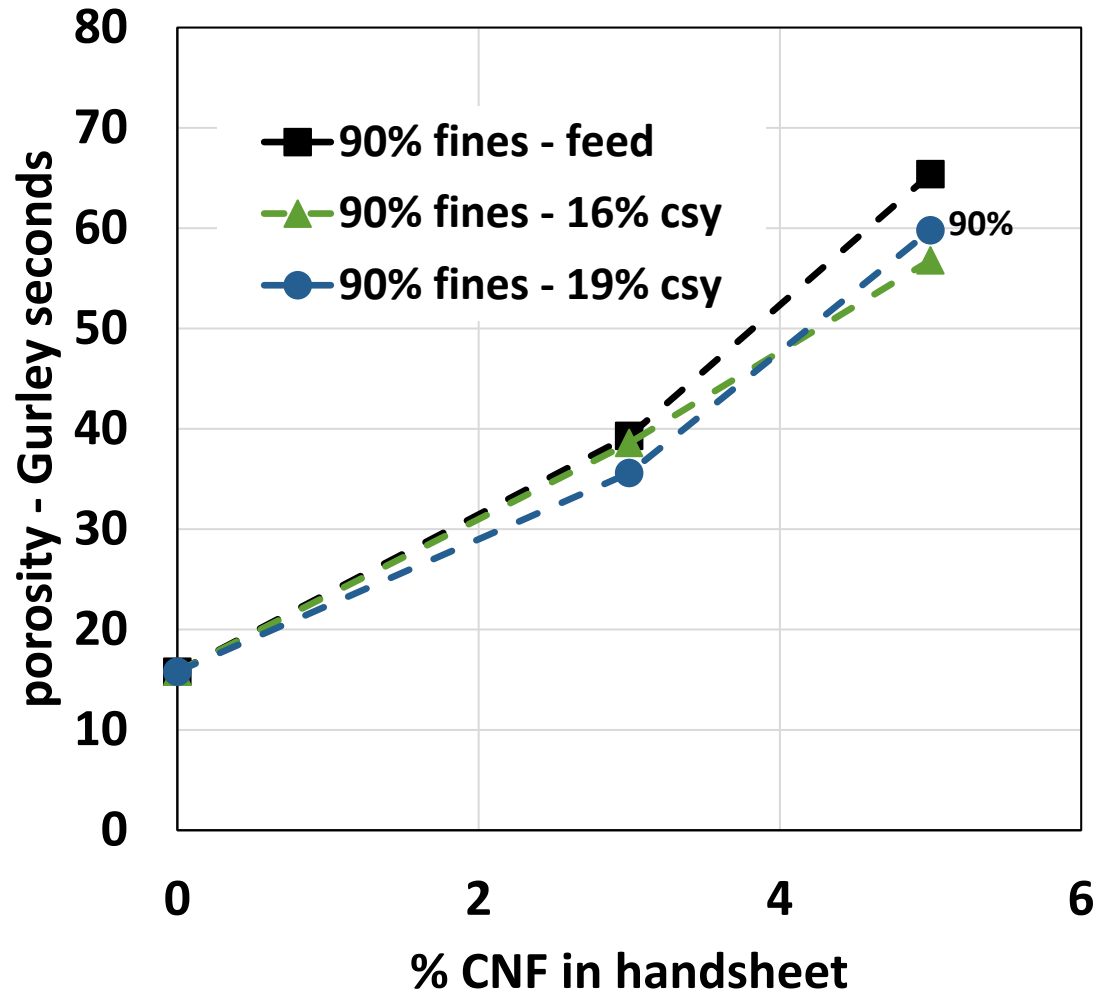
Tensile strength





# Impact on Performance

Porosity



# MFC Pressing Study

## Conclusions

- Negligible MFC loss in filtrate when pressing
- High fines MFC takes twice as long to press
- Pressing low fines MC produces a more uniform cake
  - No need for high pressure pressing
- For high fines MFC, good mixing after pressing would be required to obtain a more uniform material
- Key performance properties are preserved after pressing